



Mr. EREN TOWNSE is hereby authorized to transact for us any business connected with the News and Journal Office, of this city.

ON THE OUTSIDE OF THIS ISSUE.—First Page—Agriculture.

The New York Riots.

The process which miscall themselves "Democratic," especially the three or four professed dailies of that stamp in the city of New York, (and Bennett's Herald to boot!) are doing their best, as usual, to make the public believe that which has not one grain of truth in it, viz: that the late bloody and fatal riots in that city were owing to the inefficiency of the new Metropolitan police system; and that it is thus clearly demonstrated that the new organization cannot afford any thing like adequate protection to life, peace and property in the great city.

A few plain facts and obvious considerations will set this matter in its true light and will show that the fault lies not with the new police, but with Mr. Mayor Wood and his followers.

In the first place, it should be specially borne in mind that Mayor Wood, the great head-captain and chief executive officer of the city, has been, for nearly three months past, openly engaged in resisting and countering the new police law; encouraging his political partisans, and those who held office under him, to do likewise; and proclaiming his fixed determination not to submit to it, as he professed to feel perfectly certain that the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals would decide the act to be unconstitutional and void.

Is any body so very green as to suppose that this dignified and lofty example of insubordination and defiance of the legislative authority of the State would be lost upon the hundreds and thousands of "Plug-Uglies," rowdies, and ruffians of every grade that infest the Commercial Metropolis?—These wretches saw the great captain, with all his lieutenants, corporals and privates, setting at naught a most important enactment for the preservation of the peace; and the rowdy yabble said to themselves, "Why may not we also set the laws at defiance, and trample on the peace and order of the city, when we see fit?" Nothing more natural in the world.

The old municipal police, (of which Mayor Wood was the responsible head,) which had been illegally kept in existence for nearly three months by his special encouragement—and most of whose really valuable officers and men, but for Wood's ill conduct, would doubtless have become willing and useful members of the new police organization—was publicly disbanded by proclamation from the Mayor's office, on the very eve of the National holiday; a time when all the elements of idleness and crime, stimulated by any quantity of bad liquor, were sure to be rife and ready for an explosion. Here was a point at which the skill and experience of the old police might have been made most available for the protection of life and public order. But just at this "black of time"—this most critical day in the whole calendar—the peaceable citizens of New York were deserted by their accustomed guardians. On the 3d of July—he it is remembered—the municipal police were dismissed and withdrawn.

And finally—to complete the embarrassments and inconveniences to which the new police were subjected—notwithstanding the disbanding of the old force, the station houses and police telegraph were wholly withheld, by the Mayor and his associates, from the use of the Metropolitan police, who were thereby greatly impeded and perplexed, in the emergencies which were constantly occurring while these savage riots were in progress.

In all estimates of the character and conduct of the Metropolitan police, and all strictures upon the propriety or efficiency of their proceedings during the furious riots that disgraced the city on the 4th and 5th insts., the above facts will have weight with candid minds. And, with a knowledge of these facts, no man nor press, whose "democracy" is not a senseless sham, will jump to any such conclusion as that to which we have adverted in the beginning of this article.

On Monday, Wednesday and Friday, the excellent, sea-going steamer Governor leaves Long Wharf 5 o'clock, P. M., forming an independent line of connection with New York. We have been informed that, in consequence of the popularity of this arrangement, a second boat of fast rate equality is probably to be placed on the same route, to run with the Governor, on alternate days. We hope the enterprise will succeed in every point. The reduced rates of fare are not the only reasons of the favor which the traveling public has shown to this line. Capt. Doering, and all the officers of the Governor, are gentlemen emphatically, and most competent to their duties. Agent for Newport, Charles B. Tennant.

The scholars of the Berkeley Institute, under the charge of its principal, Mr. Leverett, had yesterday a merry-making at the Glen.

LOCAL NEWS.

The contract between the city and the Gas Light Co., for lighting streets, expired yesterday, and as the City Council have made no provision for the future, we presume that the streets will not hereafter be lighted. Well—a few years ago it was considered no great hardship to travel in the dark, and our citizens will perhaps soon get used to it again; besides we shall save some two thousand dollars in our annual expenses, and rid ourselves of that continued strife between the City Authorities and the Gas Light Co., which our citizens have been compelled to hear too much of already.

The Portsmouth Grove House, situated about seven miles from this city, has been recently opened by Mr. Cole. Inducements to boarders are liberally offered in the mere location of the house. A new building, handsomely furnished throughout and standing in a grove of trees directly upon the shore of the Narragansett, needs no other recommendation, which an experienced proprietor cannot readily secure. Conveniences for bowling, fishing and driving are liberally provided.

Arrival Extraordinary.

The Yacht Rebecca came into our harbor yesterday afternoon with flying colors, having on board her illustrious owner, JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Esq., editor of the New York Herald, together with several guests. It may be well to add that the Rebecca is one of the finest yachts in the country, and rates second in speed to the fastest vessel of this character. We understand that Mr. B. is domesticated on board, and we hope he will have sufficient time in our fine harbor to fully appreciate its rare beauties and its commercial capacity.

We understand that the Band of the Bellevue House will arrive from New York to-morrow morning. This company of musicians has been selected by Mr. Uhlig, the efficient director of last year. The care and judgment displayed by that gentleman during his former engagement in Newport, is a guarantee of his complete success for the coming season.

A kind letter from two of our late subscribers acquaints us with their intention of leaving New England for Kansas. They express hopes of forming a list of Rhode Island Settlers for the purpose of introducing our paper into the Far West. In this, as in everything else, it is needless to say our best wishes attend them.

An address will be delivered by Dr. Jackson, at the Central Baptist Church in Clarke Street, to-morrow evening at six o'clock. It will be particularly adapted to the Sunday School connected with the church. The singing on the occasion will be performed by the members of the school, under the direction of Dr. T. W. Wood.

COURT OF JUSTICES.—Friday July 10.—State vs. William H. Sherman, of Portsmouth, for selling Liquor. Case brought under the nuisance act. Respondent probably guilty, and required to enter into recognizance in the sum of \$300 with surety to appear at the August Term of the Supreme Court for trial. Recognized with William C. Bryer as surety. Adjourned.

A work entitled "Gov. Geary's administration in Kansas" embracing a complete history of that Territory up to June 1857, will be ready for sale in a few days.—John H. Gilson M. D. private secretary to Gov. Geary, is the author; the publisher J. H. C. Whiting, of Phila. Those who desire an intimate knowledge of the exciting transactions which have occurred in Kansas since its settlement, will find this book a valuable and an adequate aid.

Funeral of Mr. Marcy.

The late Mr. Marcy has been followed to the grave. The particulars of his funeral, which was solemnized on the 8th inst., we glean from the Albany correspondence of the New York Tribune.

During the morning large numbers of people visited the Capitol for a farewell look at the remains of the deceased statesman. Great disappointment ensued when it was known that, by request of the relatives of Mr. Marcy, the coffin would not be opened.

The buildings along Broadway and State street were universally decked with mourning; a magnificent spectacle, being presented by the draping together of black and white cloths. Immense throngs of visitors from all parts of the State, also contributed to render the ceremonies more imposing.—The bells were tolled throughout the day. Minute guns were discharged during the observances at the Capitol.

In the procession, which was formed after the funeral services had been discharged, the military and civic orders were alike profusely represented. The hearse, drawn by four white horses, was surrounded by the Huggesses Corps, without arms, as a guard of honor. Upon the silver plate of the coffin was engraved the following inscription: WILLIAM L. MARCY, DIED JULY 4TH, 1857.

Ex-Presidents Van Buren and Pierce, Gov. King, ex-Governors Hunt, Fish, Seward and Bouck, the Hon. Preston King, the Hon. N. P. Banks, Senator Beckman, and other distinguished persons, were included in the line of mourners. The procession was one hour in passing a given point, and comprised, in all, twenty-five bands of music.

The day was fine, and everything passed off well.

European Correspondence.

HEIDELBERG, November, 1850.

MY DEAR . . . .—We were absent on a little trip when your letter of September, reached Heidelberg; so that it did not come into our hands until a few days ago. . . . \*s letter which accompanies this, will tell you something of the trip, except of what I did, in the week we were separated. In that time, I went over into the Haardt mountains, and the northern portion of the Vosges—pedestrianized a little, and visited Trifels—the famous old castle, where Richard Coeur de Lion was confined on his return from Palestine, and where his minstrel came and discovered his whereabouts, by singing under his window.

Unhappily for the beautiful legend, the king's dungeon, which is still to be seen here, has no window. Apart from its historical interest, Trifels well repays a visit, lying as it does, away from the great thoroughfares, among the wild hills of the Vosges, whose steep conical summits surround it in every direction, like a perfect sea of mountains. At the foot of the Trifels, I spent one night in the little village of Annweiler—once a free city of the Empire, though it does not look much like it now—then walked back over the hills to Landau, took the cars, and went completely through the Haardt, and to the very borders of France, at Saarbrücken, where I spent the second night. The third day brought me to Trier, or Treves, the great object of my trip—a town which claims to be 1300 years older than Rome. Whether this is so or not, we know that it was the great city of northern Europe, when it all belonged to the Romans—and there still remains the ruins of an amphitheatre, the fragments of a palace, some monuments, a great gateway, &c., of unquestionable Roman architecture, among which, I spent two days very pleasantly.

Then going down the Moselle, to its junction with the Rhine, I joined . . . . at Godesberg. These details will hardly give you much idea of our travels, except to let you know where we have been; but if we once begin to describe at length, or send you a journal, the task would be endless.—We both keep a journal, and try to mention in it, all that is most worth describing, but I am constantly discouraged by its utter inadequacy to represent, even to myself, all that I feel we are daily learning in a thousand ways, from this residence abroad. Not that I think you would find us wonderfully changed, or become exceedingly wise or learned, by our travels; but only that we see every day, something which teaches us a new lesson, or varies our apprehension of the old, in a manner, that whole reams of paper would not explain. You will understand therefore, how idle it seems, to attempt putting these things into a letter; and as for descriptions of this, and that city, river, or ruin, we can tell you far better about all which you wish to hear of, when we are together again; and you will probably be tired to death of Europe, before we get through talking. You would be surprised to find, what an universal interest, the American Election creates among the thinking men of Europe; and how anxiously they are all awaiting the result. Some of them never seem to weary asking about our institutions, and every thing which concerns social and political life in the United States; but it is sadly evident, that our country is not, what once she was among the liberals of Europe. Various causes, (chief among which is the development of the system, and institution of Slavery,) have contributed, to degrade her rank, in their estimation, beyond what you can possibly conceive. The only consolation, and a poor one at that, is that the well informed begin to make a just discrimination between different sections; and when I am known to be an American, the first question invariably is—from what state? North, or South? The bug-bear of sectionalism would soon cease to terrify some of our good, quiet, timorous, conservative men, if they could be here to learn, that a sectional division is our only safeguard as Northern men, against the scorn of the civilized world. The hardest thing to make them understand, however, is the acquiescence of the north. "What! they say, you have only to vote, to check this spreading evil! this stupendous wrong! which even here would be checked, if need be, with the sword at the expense of our best blood, and yet you refuse to do it." Well might Mr. Jefferson say, in his reflections upon this infernal system of Slavery—"Indeed I tremble for my country, when I reflect that God is just; that his justice cannot sleep forever" and that in a contest on the part of the slave for his freedom, "the Almighty has no attribute, which can take sides with us, in such a contest."

The men of intelligence here, with whom I have conversed upon this subject, point to the superiority of the north, in every respect; and stare at me in perfect amazement! when I tell them—that I have always said, and still unwillingly believe,—that Fremont would not be elected. By this time I suppose you know the result.—I wish I could hope otherwise, but I cannot. Nothing will disappoint me, except a democratic majority in the House, which will give them the entire control of the Government. I did not think this possible, till the last news, but if it is so,—God help the country! for she has refused to help herself.

Since our last return to Heidelberg, we have resumed a very quiet life. The weather is damp and cold, affording but little

temptation to go abroad, and . . . \*s disposition has contributed to keep us both at home. I have free access to the fine University Library, and am at no loss for occupation. I have been reading a little civil law, but more of History, which here, has an interest, a vitality, a meaning, that I never perceived in it before. This is especially the case, with the history of the middle ages, and the fifteenth to the seventeenth centuries, when the modern world was slowly forming out of chaos, in the very scenes with which we are now familiar. The old German Empire, a vague, confused mass, as it always used to appear, in reading history, becomes a perfect mine, when studied here among its ruins. The language itself occupies of course, not a little time. I have attained some fluency in reading German, but my progress in speaking it, is very slow; one of the greatest obstacles being the readiness with which almost all well educated people here speak French and English.—But as a language, in its copiousness, its versatility, its wonderful ductility and power of combination, the German is great, a perfect science in itself. I hope we shall hear from you all more frequently than we have as yet.

PRINTERS' MISTAKES.—During the Mexican war one of the English newspapers hurriedly announced an important item of news from Mexico, that General Pillow and thirty-seven of his men had been lost in a bottle (bottle.) Some other paper informed the public, not long ago, that a man in a brown surtout was yesterday brought before the police court on a charge of having stolen a small box (box) from a lady's work-bag. The stolen property was found in his waistcoat pocket. A rat (rat) says another paper, descending the river, came in contact with a steamboat, and so serious was the injury to the boat, that great exertions were necessary to save it. An English paper once stated that the Russian General Bakhmofsky was found dead with a long word (word) in his mouth. It was, perhaps, the same paper that, in giving a description of a battle between the Poles and Russians, said that the conflict was dreadful, and the enemy was repulsed with great laughter (laughter.) Again:—A gentleman was yesterday brought up to answer the charge of having eaten (eaten) a stage driver for demanding more than his fare. At the late Fourth of July dinner in the town of Charles town, none of the poultry were eatable except the owls (owls.)

A MISSING GIRL.—On the 20th of May last Miss Sarah E. Jarratt, daughter of Rev. N. R. Jarratt, of the Methodist Episcopal church, left North Mount Pleasant, Marshall county, Mississippi, without the knowledge of her friends, and came to this city. From this place, on the 23d of that month, she wrote to her father's family, residing near Holly Springs, Miss., that she intended to become a nun, by joining the order of "The Sacred Heart." This she gave as the reason for leaving her friends in the manner she did. On the 25th May Miss Jarratt, we learn, visited "St. Agnes Academy," a Roman Catholic Female Seminary in this city.

The ladies in charge of that institution state that while there she signified her desire to become a nun, and they informed her that in order to do so she must become a Roman Catholic, and have the recommendation of Rev. T. L. Grace, of this city, before she would be allowed to take the vows of her novitiate. Upon receiving this information the sisters at the St. Agnes state that she left the Academy. Since then she has not been heard from, directly or indirectly. Her friends have searched for her diligently in several States where it was at all probable she would go to carry out her intention of taking the veil, but up to this time not a trace of her has been found.—Memphis Eagle, June 30.

THE BURDELL WILL CASE.—It is stated that Mrs. Cunningham, confident of a decision in her favor from the Surrogate, in the estate case, is making active preparations to dispose of her property, with a view to removal to Ohio, where, it is said, she has some relatives residing. Her daughters will accompany her. One of them, it is said, will shortly be married.

The Rev. Benjamin Hutchins, clergyman of the Episcopal church in Albion, Illinois, has recently lost, by scarlet fever, in a little over a month, viz, from April 24 to May 31 eight children, two sons and six daughters, whose ages varied from one to eighteen years.

ILL LUCK.—A little bad luck is beneficial now and then. If Patrick Henry had not failed in the grocery business, it is not probable he would ever have been heard of as an orator. Roger Sherman became a signer of the Declaration of Independence because he could not make a living at shoemaking.

NEW WHEAT. The St. Louis papers of Saturday, June 27, announce the receipt of the first shipment of new wheat this season. It was a lot of 72 sacks from De Sota county, Mississippi, and sold at \$2.10 per bushel. The quality was excellent, and the yield will be large in that section.

A traveller in Africa declares, that he met one King who had eleven portly wives, all of whom were weighed monthly, the one who weighed most being invariably installed mistress of the household until the time of the next weighing.

"Cleanliness is next to Godliness," and a clean head is the first thing to be considered. Alpine Hair Balm is warranted to cure Dandruff, itching, and all diseases of the scalp, and is sure to bring gray hair to its original color.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS, Newport, R. I.

BELLE VUE HOUSE, (F. B. PRENTISS.) July 9th and 10th. Philip Allen, Jr., and lady, maid and two servants, Providence. Seth Adams, Jr., Providence. Chas. H. Carroll, Jr., Washington City. John D. Locke, New York. Chas. R. Locke, New York. Nathaniel Gales, New York. Frank Moore, New York. Norman Jackson, New York. H. S. Hildes, New York. Benj. J. Mumford, Detroit. Chas. G. H. and lady, New York. Miss Gould N. York. Mr. J. K. Gould, 3 children and 2 servants, Summer Place, Woburn, Mass. Dr. Usher Parsons, Providence.

NEW THIS MORNING.



BY TELEGRAPH TO THE NEWPORT DAILY NEWS.

NEW YORK, July 10.—At a meeting last night of a portion of the Democracy of the 19th Ward, a resolution was passed in favor of a division of the State. Mayor Wood was present and addressed the meeting.

NEW YORK NEWS.

New York, July 9.—Steamship City of Baltimore sailed to-day for Liverpool and took out 265 passengers. The Coroner's inquest on the deaths of two persons who were shot in the riot of the 4th, has resulted in a verdict against some twenty Irishmen, the greater part of whom are now in custody.

The owners of the barque Panchita have entered a civil suit against the British officers who brought her home, and their counsel have also written to Gen. Cass requesting Government to demand reparation of Great Britain.

A collision occurred last evening at Hoboken, between Oscar Granville, a teacher at the Bloomfield Academy, and a young Cuban student named Cueva, when the latter shot the former, the ball passing through the head and injuring him fatally.

FIRE AT DAVENPORT, IOWA. St. Louis, July 9.—Thirty tenements were burned at Davenport, Iowa, on the 6th inst. Loss \$30,000; partly insured.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ALPINE HAIR BALM

Restoring Gray Hair to its Original Color. WARRANTED to cure Baldness, Scurf, Dandruff, itching, and all diseases of the scalp. This Balm gives the scalp a new and healthy action; restores the coloring matter to the roots of the hair, which passes through the hair, and gives it a natural color without the use of Hair Dye.

Thousands of preparations have been introduced, pretending to preserve the hair and keep it from falling out, composed of Oils, Alcohol and other deleterious materials, and all to no use. Hair Dyes have been introduced that do not give the hair a natural color, besides being troublesome to use. This Balm is not a Dye. Knowing that a preparation was needed to do what was required for the hair, the proprietor was induced to experiment until he could obtain an article that would be the exact remedy. It is soothing and emollient, it relieves the itching of the scalp, thereby stopping that troublesome itching. It cures Dandruff and Scurf, and when the hair has turned gray it will bring it back to its original color, be it Black, Brown or Auburn. It makes the hair soft and glossy—prevents it from falling out, as will be seen by using this Balm for only a few days—life will be given to the roots of the hair, and growth will soon appear. Growth does not take place at the end of the hair, as will be seen in persons who have lost their hair. If you examine gray hair that has been colored for a week, you will find towards the roots that the hair has come out gray, hence it is necessary to have the fluid at the roots of the hair healthy, that the whole hair may be a natural color. Each hair has a root in the skin, and is of itself a hollow, gray tube, through which there is a constant exudation of the pigment from the root.—When this pigment coloring matter dies out, it leaves the hair hollow and it becomes gray. To invent a Balm that would produce the pigment has become the study of the proprietor. The discovery of the Alpine Hair Balm will do it. It will bring the hair to its natural color by making anew the coloring matter in the roots of the hair. It is a mistaken notion that oil or greas will restore the hair, as nothing can be more injurious. The Alpine Hair Balm, will restore the skin and save the hair of those who have been sick with fever or any disease.

Prepared by C. A. P. MASON, Providence, R. I.

D. P. FIVES & CO., 83 Milk st., Boston, Mass., sole agents for the United States and Canada. For sale in Providence by E. P. Mason & Co., Thomas W. Fidd, J. Balch & Son, O. Sumner, M. D., J. G. Massard, Amos Palmer, M. D., Wm. B. Bland, Albert L. Calder, Chambers & Calder, Albert L. Calder, Benjamin B. Bailey, Doctor Hedges, Albert C. Dana, Parson Sheldon, H. H. Burrington, L. D. Anthony & Co. For sale in Newport, by Hazard & Caswell, R. J. Taylor and B. H. Tisdale. j66

HARRISON'S PERISTALTIC LOZENGE.—The most effective and agreeable remedy for Habitual CONSTIPATION. They quicken the Liver, give tone to the Stomach and color to the Blood, thereby curing Headache, Bile, Piles and Indigestion. Agents for Newport.

HAZARD & CASWELL.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a form of sale contained in a certain mortgage made and executed by Gordon D. Oxx, of the city and county of Newport, to John Wilbur of said city, dated May 1, 1855, there will be sold at Public Sale on the premises on the 20th day of July, 1857, at 10 A. M., all the right, title and interest which the said Gordon D. Oxx had at the time of the execution of the said mortgage in and to the following lot of land with the dwelling house and other buildings thereon standing situate in said Newport and bounded meadow and described as follows, viz:—South of John Smith, one hundred and thirty-two feet; South on land of Perry Sherman fifty feet, and West on land of Lindley M. Cobb, one hundred and thirty-two feet. De the same more or less, or however otherwise the same may be bounded and described—it being the same premises that were conveyed to the said Gordon D. Oxx, by Lindley M. Cobb, by deed bearing date Oct. 20, 1855.

Said sale to be made to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage and for the cost of sale. For order of the mortgagee, WM. GILPIN, Att'y to Mortgagee. Newport, July 3, 1857.—jy6—law 3w.

WILLIAM H. SMITH, DENTIST.

Swinburne's Block, 139 Thames-st.

DIED.

In this city, on the 9th inst., Miss Mary McClish, sister of Mr. Thomas Hornsby. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon, from Mr. Philip T. Simonson's residence, in this city, at 4 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

ALMANAC.

	July	sun	moon	high
	rise	set	rise	water
Friday	4 32	7 38	9 56	9 58
Saturday	4 33	7 37	10 17	10 45

NEW THIS MORNING.

LOST. A MOSAIC Breastpin, representing "St. Peter's at Rome." The finder shall be suitably rewarded on leaving the same at this office. jyl

MICHAEL TATZEL, Violinist, and Mr. LOSSI, Pianist, of Philadelphia, musicians at Mr. Hasko's Dancing Academy, Devon Hall, most respectfully offer their services to the visitors and inhabitants of Newport, to attend parties, balls, &c. &c. They have just received a rich assortment of the newest and the most popular compositions from Europe, copies of which can be obtained from them on the shortest notice. jyl—2aw 1w

FOR Sale Cheap—A two-seat carriage nearly new. Enquire of GEO. H. WILSON, Builder, Cor. of Redwood & Cottage-sts. jyl

NOTICE.

THE undersigned would give notice to his friends and the public, that on and after this date he will hold his office at JONES H. COZZENS' CROTONA STONE, 152 Thames-st., when he is prepared to receive orders for any and all sales the public may be pleased to entrust him with. Sale attended in any part of the city at short notice. Having secured a Store Room he is prepared to receive furniture, household goods, &c. &c., for auction sales. All consignments settled within 48 hours of sale on the same day if required.—Consignments solicited. jyl

SEABURY. Auction & Commission Merchant, Office 152 Thames-st., Newport, R. I. P. S.—Order Book at T. MUMFORD SEABURY'S. jyl

GRASS AT AUCTION.

WILL be sold this day, Saturday, July 11th, at 12 o'clock, viz, the standing grass on the "Tiffany Lot, near Mr. Mixer's," be the same more or less. Conditions at time and place of sale. BENJ. M. SEABURY, Auctioneer. jyl

ACCOMMODATIONS for a few more families can be had at VOSSE'S Cottage, at the corner of South Touro street and Bath road. The proprietor feels confident in saying that no more agreeable place of residence than is offered in this advertisement, will be found within the limits of Newport. The cottage is a modern one, the situation fashionable and airy, and his own experience as a landlord dates back through many years. jyl

JUST received at WARD'S New Store, 130 Thames-st.—Books—Whittier's Poems, pocket edition in blue and gold; war trial received; school days at Rugby; Romney Lye. Old Mortality, household edition, of Waverley novels. jyl

AT WARD'S New Store—Piano Forte Rooms.—Six of Carhart, Needham & Co.'s Melodions, direct from the manufactory, one splendid 6 octave double bass, just the thing for organ players; one 6 octave piano case, very rich tone; one 5 octave piano case, another of these instruments that have given so much satisfaction and pleasure with such a great sale of late; one 6 octave portable case, convenient for a small room; one 4 octave, one 4 octave, just the instruments that everybody can have, because the cost is but little. jyl

Something more at WARD'S new store—a splendid assortment of mirrors of all sizes, from small to very large, in square and oval frames. Also, a lot of ovals for photographs, embroillures, &c. &c. A large and fresh supply of picture mouldings, many new and beautiful patterns. Picture glass and frames furnished to order. Old looking-glass plates re-framed, &c. Piano Fortes tuned. Leave your orders at Ward's new store. Piano Fortes to rent; call at Ward's New Store. jyl

MEAL! MEAL! MEAL!! NORTHERN Corn Meal bolted; Southern corn meal bolted; fine meal unbolted; rye meal unbolted; feeding meal, manufactured every day, at the steam grist mill, on Commercial wharf, and for sale in lots from five to five hundred bushels, by PERRY & STEVENS. jyl

SOUTHERN PINE.

JUST landed—a cargo of Virginia Pine, very straight and handsome. For sale by OMAN & BRADFORD. jyl

CANNEL COAL!!

LIVERPOOL Orel and English Cannel Coal, for sale by OMAN & BRADFORD. jyl

A SPLENDID BUILDING LOT.—For sale, a beautiful 91-2 acre lot, on Haleden Hill; "the location of this land is rapidly becoming the most fashionable part of the city;" it has a fine sea and harbor view; is within three minutes' walk of good bathing, and fifteen minutes of the Post Office; it is bounded on three streets, and on the North by the premises of Wm. Jones, Junr., Esq., of New York, will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.—Enquire of GEO. H. WILSON, Builder, cor. of Redwood & Cottage streets, Newport, R. I. jyl

NOW LAUGH!—The Steam Arm; The accomplished young Lady; Barrett's New Melody song; The wandering minstrel, arranged for the Guitar. All second-hand, second splinters, just received and for sale at the City Music Store, 83 Thames-st., by T. W. WOOD. jyl

SCOTCH SONGS.—I down a laugh, I down a song—an exquisitely fine by the Ettrick Shepherd.—also, the Star of Glory; delightful Scotch songs, just published. For sale at the City Music Store, 83 Thames-st. jyl

DEATH OF KINGOLD.—A beautiful and appropriate tribute to the worth and gallantry of this lamented officer, tastefully illustrated, and arranged as a quartette. For sale at the City Music Store, 83 Thames-st. jyl

FOUR or five Rooms to let, within two minutes' walk of the Bellevue and Fillmore Houses. Enquire of G. H. WILSON, Builder, Corner of Redwood & Cottage-sts. Newport, R. I. jyl

SPLENDID MIRRORS.—All in want of a fine Mirror, heavy French plate, gilt frame, oval square, or oval top, should examine a new stock which are offered at extremely low prices, by HENRY TISDALE, 138 Thames street, Opposite Merchants Bank. jyl

ICE PITCHERS, which retain ice 14 hours. For sale by HENRY TISDALE, 138 Thames-st. jyl

BEATERS Dusters, Chamois Skins, Plate brushes, Cutlery, and Furnishing Goods. For sale by HENRY TISDALE. jyl

PERMUDA Arrowroot, fresh, for sale by HAZARD & CASWELL, 132 Thames-st. and 12 Wash'g-st. jyl

EXTRA Carriage Sponges, for sale wholesale and retail, by HAZARD & CASWELL. jyl

MILLARD'S Bon Bons, fresh to-day, by HAZARD & CASWELL. jyl

HAY and Straw—Haled hay and straw, in store, and for sale by PERRY & STEVENS. jyl

CIGARS.—The best kind, at YOUNG'S, 97 Thames-st. jyl

RICHARD Yeast Cakes.—For sale at YOUNG'S, 97 Thames-st. jyl

TAMARINDS, put up in Sugar, at YOUNG'S, 97 Thames-st. jyl

COOPER'S Isinglass, and Gelatine, for Blanc Mange, and Jellies, for sale at YOUNG'S, 97 Thames-st. jyl

CHERRIES and Strawberries in abundance, at R. WILSON'S, 79 Thames-st. jyl







